

Titel: Definitioner, [MTG] 125-1030

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Anvendt udgave: Louis Hjelmslev og hans kreds

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7 0. By a form is understood an ens which has derivates. Entia which have no derivates are called substantials.

7.1. When, under given conditions, a form has a function to a substantial, the form is said to be manifested under these conditions. Under all other conditions the form is said to be latent.
, when present,

7.2. Substantials which are manifestations of a form, are called its variants.

8. By a relation, ~~or /syntaxia/ /syntaxia/~~ is understood the function 'both-and' (logical conjunction). A function which enters into relation, is called a relate.

By a correlation, ~~or /syntaxia/ /syntaxia/~~ is understood the function 'either-or' (logical disjunction). A function which enters into correlation, is called a correlate.

8.1. As it is possible to deduce a correlation from a relation, but not vice versa, the relation is seen to be determined (5) by the correlation.

9. By a syntaxia is understood a relational hierarchy.
By a system is understood a correlational hierarchy.
Derivates of the same degree and belonging to one and the same syntaxia or to one and the same system, are said to form a series.