

Titel: Fundamental Morphemes, [Maidu] 099-0210

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Anvendt udgave: Louis Hjelmslev og hans kreds

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"you must go with me!" or "is [he] going with me?".

^{*Hovt 5} BE the prohibitive-sociative-subjunctive is expressed by the compound ending -bá-sá-n-Q (see note to p.), composed of the ending for the prohibitive, -bá- plus that of the sociative-subjunctive. It contains the idea 'in order that not', and so obviously includes the elements 1:B and 2:B; the third-dimension element must be α , because the proh.-soc.-subj. differs from the prohibitive-subjunctive in having the idea of 'duration' or, rather, in the possibility of having that segment, because the two supplement each other in another respect, the proh.-soc.-subj. defectivating 2:A, and the proh.-subj. 2: α of Person, so that the element 3: α of the former is often not filled with any content. Examples:

bá:k'ám wá:m 3ak'3l3wo:-bá-sá-n-Q he is afraid that he might
tumble over;

the proh.-soc.-subj. is directed by the indicative of the first nexus, and the whole example is thus one nexia.

máns tu:lsmáscw bá:tcw wát'om tj'avmáscw wít:t's 3ini-
bá-sá-n-Q only his relatives shot, lest they be angry, if
somebody else shot [him] (XLV.16);

the proh.-soc.-subj. is directed by the indicative of the first nexus, and so is the subjunctive of the second nexus, so that it is all one nexia. The proh.-soc.-subj. is combined with the complex 'same (third) person as the directing extense characteristic', while the subjunctive has 'different third person'.

k'3l3k'oyant'om ns:s .. osj osav-bá-sá-n-Q we did not go back,
lest we experience something bad (LVI.11);

the direction is as in the examples above.

The proh.-soc.-subj. is always directed, generally by an indicative, but also by other moods, e.g. the imperative, persuasive, interrogatives. It does not overlap with any other modal complexes.