

Titel: notes, [whitfield] 015-0040

Citation: "notes, [whitfield] 015-0040", i *Louis Hjelmslev og hans kreds*, s. 1. Onlineudgave fra Louis Hjelmslev og hans kreds: https://tekster.kb.dk/catalog/lh-texts-kapsel_015-shoot-wacc-2014_0144_015_whitfield_0040_p1_bP0_TB00009/facsimile.pdf (tilgået 20. april 2024)

Anvendt udgave: Louis Hjelmslev og hans kreds

Ophavsret: Materialet kan være ophavsretligt beskyttet, og så må du kun bruge det til personlig brug. Hvis ophavsmanden er død for mere end 70 år siden, er værket fri af ophavsret (public domain), og så kan du bruge værket frit. Hvis der er flere ophavsmænd, gælder den længstlevendes dødsår. Husk altid at kreditere ophavsmanden.

→ EFJ February 18, 1941

1 *G is the blend procedure. Not until ag are the constituents named after their place in the system.

n2 (in *GIII) The next higher class (very often the expression plane as a whole) :: consonomic marginal nexus - manifested, for example, by erind - selecting and consonomic central nexus

n3 Central and marginal nexus :: initial and final nexus

^{initial} erind ^{marginal} and ^{final} erind ^{initial} erind ^{central} erind
his han kommes, og his han has pøngene ned, see stages vi part erind han, og see siges vi ham tek

n4 Initial and final nexus :: primary nexus-parts (morphemes) and secondary nexus-parts (nexus-theses)

1-2 The "nexus" one starts up with will all be simplex, i.e. nexus (but we don't know this in the blend procedure)

s2 Morphemes :: central and marginal parts; nexus-theses :: central and marginal agglomerations (i.e. syllable-units) (But by the general rule, the agglomerations will always be individual syllables.)

s3 Central and marginal agglomerations :: initial and final

s4 Initial and final agglomerations :: primary syllable parts (accents) and secondary syllable parts (syllable-theses)

t2 (Correspondingly, the t-operations are analyzed into taxias (= taxeme-units) acting in taxeme.

Accents and syllable-theses :: central and marginal taxias. Consider only analysis of syllable-theses. In general, by the same rule, the taxias will in practice turn out to be the individual taxemes (simplex taxias). Central taxias will be vowels; marginal taxemes will be consonants. (There may also be γ "semi-vowels" and τ : (e.g. the click of pity)

t3 Central and marginal taxias :: initial and final

t4 Initial and final taxias :: primary (vowel-nex) and secondary (vowel-thesis) (with possibility of γ and τ)